SANTIAGO MUNEZ’S PERSISTENCE AND THE RISKS IN DANNY CANNON’S FILM, GOAL! THE DREAM BEGINS; 2005

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Abstract: The objectives of this study are (1) to elaborate the factors that cause Hernan Munez’s family immigrate illegally from Mexico to United States of America, the internal and external factors that influenced them to move from their original country, Mexico to USA; (2) to analyze the reasons why Hernan Munez not want his son to be a soccer player. These factors include ones that are inherent in himself; and (3) to discuss the motivation of Santiago Munez to be a real professional football player. These ambitions that come from himself and from outside as well. This research uses qualitative method. It is to gain an understanding of the underlying reasons, opinions, and motivations. This movie tells how Hernan Munez Family commits illegal immigration from his original place, Mexico to new destination that is United State of America. Munez wants to prove to his father that he can get better life if he does it seriously. His character is a very tough lad. He likes to learn from the mistakes and give the best result for himself, his team mate, club, and especially his beloved family. His large passion and dedication make his dream comes true.

Key words: obsession, perseverance, passion

INTRODUCTION
Movies can be fictional (made up), or true, or a mix of the two. There are many kinds of film. Action movies have a lot of exciting effects like car chases and gun fights. Adventure Movies usually involve a hero who sets out on a quest to save the world or loved ones. Animated movies use artificial images like talking pigs to tell a story. Comedies are funny movies about people being silly. Documentaries are movies that are (or claim to be) about real people and real events. Dramas are serious, and often about people falling in love or needing to make a big decision in their life. Horror movies use fear to excite the audience. Science fiction movies are set in the future or in outer space. Thrillers are usually about a mystery, strange event, or crime that needs to be solved. Fantasy movies include magical and impossible things that any real human being cannot do.

In this study, the writer chooses one of the genres of the movies above that is drama titled Goal! The Dream Begins. One of the most interesting moral messages of this movie is bravery to make a big decision and never give up to reach your goal in life. This movie is directed by Danny Cannon and distributed by Buena Vista Pictures. Goal! The Dream Begins starts with a clip showing Santiago Munez as a child playing football in Mexico. The same night, his family illegally enters into the United States to find a better living. He grows up in the USA and works with his father as a gardener. At night he works as a busboy in a Chinese restaurant. One day, while playing football, he is noticed by Glen Foy, an ex-Newcastle player, scout and car mechanic. Glen then tells Santiago that, if he can get to England, he will be allowed a tryout with Newcastle United Football Club.

However, his father never allows him to play soccer since he will get nothing of doing it and he insists his son to follow his business. His grandmother is the one who always support him to chase his dream. She gives the money to Santiago Munez to go to England to have trial
in New Castle United Football Club. Although he has asthma, he keeps going to show his capability to his football manager. The film ends with Santiago shedding tears of joy while embracing his realized dream.

After watching the movie, the writer finds some problems concerning with the movie Goal. The first one is why Hernan Munez’s family immigrate illegally from Mexico to the United States of America. The second one is why Hernan Munez (the dad) not want his son to be a soccer player. The third one is what motivates Santiago Munez to be a professional football player.

The aim of this study is the first is to know why Hernan Munez’s family immigrate illegally from Mexico to the United States of America. The second is to know why Hernan Munez (the dad) not want his son to be a soccer player. The third is to find out what motivates Santiago Munez to be a professional football player.

LITERATURE REVIEWS
In order to comprehend and get the best analysis, the writer uses the sociological approach in order to find the answers from the problematic aspects particularly those happening in Mexico where the people in that origin area conduct illegal migration to United State of America.

The sociological approach also emerges from a system of thinking that links concept, often new concepts, with evident or data to create a broader understanding and explanation of the social world. To support and to get a deepest analysis of the complex problems of illegal immigration, the writer uses Social Action Types proposed by Max Webber and supporting theory that is well known as Migrant (push and pull) theory by Everett Lee.

Illegal Immigration to United States of America
The history of Mexican Immigration
Beginning around the 1890s, new industries in the U.S Southwest – especially mining and agriculture attracted Mexican migrant laborers. The Mexican revolution (1910-1920) then increased the flow: war refugees and political exiles fled to United States to escape the violence. Mexican also left rural areas in search of stability and employment. As a result, Mexican migration to the United States of America rose sharply.

According to the Article of Harvard magazine, the first significant wave of Mexican workers coming to United States began in early years of the twentieth century, following the curtailment of Japanese immigration in 1907 and the consequent drying up of cheap Asian labor. The need for Mexican labor increased sharply when the United States entered World War I and the economic demand for unskilled migrant workers continued to cross border legally or not.

The Mexican workers in numerous accounts were regarded as strong and efficient. As well, they were willing to work for low wages. Basically, for most part, immigration occurs for economic reasons. Mexican immigrants are poor individuals who want a far higher standard of living as in the United States. For the poor in Mexico, the economic pressure to migrate is so high that when legal means are restricted people immigrate illegally.

Kinds of Illegal Entry
There are many kinds of illegal entry such as:
(a) The immigrants come to United States via illegal entry, a common means of border crossing is to hire smugglers to help them cross the border. Those operating on the U.S.-Mexico border are known informally as coyotajes (coyotes); (b) Visa overstay, mostly the tourist or traveler is considered “visa overstay’ once he or she remains in the United States after the time of admission has expired; and (c) Border Crossing Card Violation, a smaller number of illegal immigrants entered the United States legally using the Border Crossing Card, a card that authorizes order crossing into U.S. for a set amount of time.

Sociological Approach
There are many kinds of problems in this world. As they happen, of course the human being must do something to solve the matters. They do social action to decide what they want or the target they want to achieve. People also think the consequence of their action that may benefit them.

Social Action Types
Some of the most important types of social action according to Max Weber are as follows: Weber’s sociology is an investigation of the
consequences of types of social action and a study of how these types of action come into conflict and creates tensions for specific individuals.

Max Weber pointed out that in many traditional societies individuals live highly routinized lives wherein every day ceremonies are generally seen as ends in themselves. This type of action is very different from the action of modern individuals who have to adopt a great many highly specific roles that require them to constantly shift perceptions and allegiances. In order to clarify the important differences among types of social action and differentiate between rational and non-rational action, Max Weber developed the following typology:

a. **Rational-Purposeful Action**: This action may be rationally expedient if it is based on logical or scientific grounds. This action entails a complicated plurality of means and ends. The ends of action (for example goals, values) are either taken as means to the fulfillment of other ends, or are treated as if they are set in concrete. In this way action becomes purely instrumental.

b. **Value Rational Action is rational in relation to a specific value**: It occurs when individuals use rational – that is effective means to achieve goals or ends that are defined in terms of subjective meaning. When individuals are value rational, they make commitments to certain subjective goals and adopt means that are effective in attaining these ends. Here, means are chosen for their efficiency but the ends are determined by value.

c. **Affective Action means and ends together so that action becomes emotional and impulsive**: Such action is the antithesis of rationality because the actor concerned cannot make calm, dispassionate assessment of the relationship between the ends of action and the means that supposedly exist to serve these ends. Rather the means themselves are emotionally fulfilling and become ends in themselves. This kind of action results from the emotional state of mind of the actor.

d. **Traditional Action** occurs when the ends and the means of action are fixed by custom and tradition.

From the Social Action Types proposed by Max Weber above, not all types will be applied in this thesis to analyze the actions conducted by Mexican to migrate illegally to United States of America. The Social Action Types that will be applied are (1) Rational-Purposeful Action and (2) Traditional Action.

**Migration (Push and Full Factors)**
In this study, the writer analyzes the illegal migration from Mexico to United States of America. One of the famous theorists of migration is Everett S. Lee. He formulates a theory to describe the impact that intervening obstacles have on the immigration process. He emphasizes to internal (or push) and external (or pull) factors. He argues that variable such as distance, physical, and political barriers, and having dependents can impede or even prevent migration.

He points out that migration process is selective because differentials such as age, gender, and social class affect how persons respond to push-pull factors, and these conditions also shape their ability to overcome intervening obstacles. Furthermore, personal factors such as a person’s education, knowledge of a potential receiver population, family ties, and the lie can facilitate or retard migration.

He divides factors causing migration into two groups (push and full factors). Push factor are things that are unfavorable about the area that one lives in, and pull factors are things that attract one to another area. The push factors are:(1) not enough job, (2) few opportunities, (3) primitive conditions, (4) desertification, (5) famine or drought, (6) political fear, (7) slavery or forced labor, (8) poor medical care, (9) loss of wealth, (10) natural disasters, (11) death threats, (12) lack of political, (13) religious freedom, (14) pollution, (15) poor housing, (16) landlord/tenant issues, (17) bullying, (18) discrimination, (19) poor chances of marrying, and (20) war.

The pull factors are: (1) job opportunities, (2) better living conditions, (3) political and/or religious, (4) freedom, (5) enjoyment, (6) education, (7) better medical care, (8) attractive climates, (9) security, (10) family links, (11) industries, and (9) better chance of marrying.

Everett Lee refined those push and pull factors above in three ways:
a. He organized that there are both positive and negative factors associated with the place of origin and both positive and negative factors associated with the place of destination (e.g. desire to remain near relatives; known hardships to be encounter at the destination). Thus, there are two sets of “push” and two set of “pull” involved. The forces involved may be numerous and heterogeneous, both origin and destination.

b. He further emphasized that there are intervening obstacle and restrictions between origin and destination. Among these obstacles are distance, cost of moving, loss of income, housing, legal regulations and entrance controls (especially important for immigration). These may be of little consequence for some migrants, a great impediment for others.

c. The model recognizes any type of force (economic, social, environmental, political, and culture). Hence, it is very comprehensive.

From the Lee’s theory of migration above, not all factors will be applied by the writer to analyze illegal migration from Mexico to United States of America. The push factors why people do the illegal migration that will be applied are: (1) not enough job and (2) few opportunities. Meanwhile the pull factors are: (1) job opportunities, (2) better living conditions.

Psychological Approach
In order to discuss the personal condition of the family members of Hernan Munez after conducting illegal migration to United States, the writer uses the psychological approach by using Parenting theory by Diana Baumrind, McCoby and Martin, and Obsession Theory by Paul M. Salkovskis. The last theory is Human Motivation by David McClelland to find out the lad’s perseverance in chasing his dream to be a real professional football player.

The psychological theory is unique form of criticism in that it draws upon psychological theory in its interpretation of movement and text. According to Dictionary of Critical Theory, psychoanalysis is a discipline founded for the investigation of mental processes that are otherwise inaccessible because they are unconscious/conscious.

Psychoanalysis itself is a form of therapy which aims to cure mental disorders ‘by investigating the interaction of conscious and unconscious elements in the mind.’ The classic method of doing this is to get the patient to talk freely, in such a way that the repressed fears and conflicts which are causing the problems are brought into the conscious mind and openly faced, rather than remaining ‘buried’ in the unconscious. (Peter Barry, 2002: 69)

Human Motivation Theory
This theory gives a way to identify people’s motivating drivers. The writer uses this theory to analyze the main character, Santiago Munez’s perseverance in dealing with his dad ambition and achieving his dream to be a professional football player. Human Motivation Theory, also known as three needs theory, proposed by the psychologist David McClelland, is a motivational model that attempts to explain how the needs for achievement, power and affiliation affect the actions of people.

McClelland stated that we all have these three types of motivation regardless sex, race, or culture. The type of motivation by which each individual is driven derives from their life experiences and the opinions of their culture. These three needs theory are:

a. Need for achievement. They prefer working on tasks of moderate difficulty, prefer working in which the results are based on their effort. The characteristics of this person are: he has strong need to set and accomplish challenging goals, he takes calculated risks to accomplish their goals, and he likes to receive regular feedback on their progress and achievement. People motivated by achievement need challenging, but not impossible, projects. They thrive on overcoming difficult problems or situations, so make sure to engage this way. People motivated by achievement work very effectively either alone or with other high achievers.

b. Needs for Affiliation. People who have a need for affiliation prefer to spend time creating and maintaining social relationship and enjoy being a part of a group. The characteristics of this person are: he wants to belong to the group and will often go along with whatever the rest
of the group wants to do, and he favors collaboration over competition. People motivated by affiliation work best in a group environment, so try to integrate themselves with a team (versus working alone) whenever possible.
c. Needs for Power. People in this category enjoy working and placing a high value on discipline. One of the characteristics of this person are: he enjoys competition and winning, he wants to control and influence others, he likes to win arguments, and he enjoy status and recognition. People with a high need for power work best when they are in charge. Because they enjoy competition, they do well with goal-oriented projects or tasks. They may also be very effective in negotiations or in situations in which another teammate must be convinced of an idea or goal.

METHODOLOGY
This research uses qualitative method. It is to gain an understanding of the underlying reasons, opinions, and motivations. Here, the writer takes the movie as the object. So, the research also works using some written materials like some books, articles, journals and websites. This aim is to support the idea of the topic.

Qualitative research has two kinds of data sources. The primary data and secondary data. In this study, the primary data means the data of the research. The primary data is a movie entitled Goal! The Dream Begins. The secondary data is to support as an additional data of the research namely the books related to the illegal migration from Mexico to United States and also the perseverance of someone who struggles to reach his dream.

FINDING AND DISCUSSION
The Migration of Hernan Munez’s Family
There are many reasons why people decide to immigrate to another country. Mostly the reason is to strive for a better life. The globalization increases the demand for workers from other country in order to continue national economies.

Social Action Type by Max Webber
When people do some actions, there must always be the causes and effects of doing those actions. There is a great interaction inside and outside the society. The theory of social action accepts and assumes that humans conduct their actions according to social contexts. In analyzing this movie, the writer only uses Social Action Types developed by Max Webber (Rational-purpose action and Traditional Action).

a. Rational-Purposeful Action
This action may be rationally expedient if it is based on logical or scientific grounds. This action entails a complicated plurality of means and ends. The ends of action (for example goals, values) are either taken as means to the fulfillment of other ends, or are treated as if they are set in concrete. In this case, the Hernan Munez’s family has attention why they commit illegal immigration from Mexico to United States of America.

The reason why they do not want to use the legal way to go to America is the budget that they have to prepare to go there is more expensive than if they use the coyote. The obstacle courses that the people face during their illegal trip are kind of challenging. For them, it is the fact they will live a better life in the United States of America. They are ready to face those consequences. Hernan Munez’s family chooses to use coyote to help them cross from Mexico and entering the border of United States of America. They choose it because they don’t have to pay too much and the smugglers help them to cross the border. It can be proved in this movie sequence:

Hernan Munez : Get your things! Now! Quickly! What are you waiting for?
Border Patrol : Remain where you are?
People : Rapido... rapido...
Border Patrol : This is United States border patrol. Remain where you are!

Hernan Munez : Santiago! Leave the ball!
Leave the stupid ball!

Hernan Munez : Come on!

Border Patrol : This is United States border patrol.

(00:01:14 – 00:02:56)

Hernan Munez’s family really takes the risks and they do know the effects of what they do. The possibility to run away from the border patrol is quite danger. They almost get caught
by the border patrol. Fortunately in this movie, they are free. In the scene, it is quite evident that the people do not care what will happen next of if they get caught by the police. They have deep attention to go to USA illegally to improve their life condition especially their economic condition.

b. Traditional Action
This action occurs when the ends and the means of action are fixed by custom and tradition. The Mexican illegal migration to United States of America has been happening since 19th century and it has become the tradition of Mexican people to move to USA to find a better life. Since January 2017 Until now this problem has become top issue in Donald Trump’s government. The new president of USA wants to make this action decreased or totally stopped. They plan to build the “New Great Wall”.

The trumps administration wants to build a 30-foot-high border wall that looks good from the north side and is difficult to climb or cut through. This attention is to stop the flow of immigrants crossing the border illegally. The reasons why Donald Trump wants to control easier the criminal that happens in America particularly from immigrants. It is supported by Castanedaajan, a professor, (2017:2) that “The real issue is that it will generate countless social, cultural and environmental problems along the border; raise the cost and danger of unauthorized crossings; and attract even more organized crime.” In facing this situation, Donald Trump really insists to set his plan to minimize the obstacle of immigrant issues.

The Reasons of Hernan Munez not to Approve of Santiago’s Being a Soccer Player.
In order to get comprehensive understanding in analyzing the personality of main characters in this movie, the writer applies Parenting theory proposed by Diana Baumrind, Theory of Parenting Styles by Maccoby and Martin, The Obsession Theory by Paul M. Salkovskis. In later parts, the writer also provides the evidences that will explain all the theories.

Santiago Munez lives with his dad, grandmother and his little brother. His mother has already left his family without any reason. He has to face his father’s behavior and his good grandmother. In this study, the writer discusses the characteristics of his father and grandmother.

There are three kinds of Parenting theory: (1) Permissive, (2) Authoritarian, and (3) Authoritative. Each one carries different characteristics and brings about different reactions in the children which they are used. It is quite important to keep in mind that every parent child relationship is different, so there will be different also the output of the child progress particularly in their behavior development.

a. Permissive
The parents openly affectionate and loving but set few or no limits even when the child’s safety may be at risk. These parents are responsive but not demanding. They tend to be lenient while trying to avoid confrontation. The benefit of this parenting style is that they are usually very nurturing and loving. They set few rules and mostly they are inconsistence to follow them.

Basically, Santiago’s dad wants to show to his family that he really cares and wants to change his family’s life to be better. He has to work all days and save his money. He gets a plan to move his family illegally to United States because of the budget as can be proved in this movie,

Dad : Santiago, Get your things. 
Now! Quickly.
What are you waiting for?
(They get into the van and finally across the United States of America illegally although the Police see them).
(Sequence: 00:01:11-00:00:02:59)

His dad really takes the risk of his family’s safe. He only thinks that it’s time to move and change despite of all the risks. The characteristic of Hernan Munez can make a disaster for his own family. He never thinks that if something bad happens likes being caught by the police, his family’s future will get worst instead of having better living. They will stay in a jail except if they can pay high cost for the penalty because they break the rule of nation.

b. Authoritarian
These parents tend to set rigid rules, demand obedience and use strategies such as the
withdrawal of love or approval to force a child to conform. These parents are more likely to use physical punishment or verbal insults to elicit the desired behavior. They lack of warmth of the authoritative parent and may seem aloof to their children. In this movie, the writer finds out some of characteristics of Hernan Munez:

1) Strict to the Rules and Regulation
Hernan Munez is strict, rigid, inflexible and impulsive in nature. He forces his children to follow strict rules and regulations. He never allows the children to question any of the laid regulations and expects them to adhere strictly to them without slightest modifications. He does not encourage verbal give and take. He always has the ultimate authority and he always controls their children in a strict manner. He always thinks that he know what is best and right for his children. He also imposes dictatorship rule and limit or bans some of the enjoyable things in their children life. They also think that such activities cannot get anything.

Parents who raise their children with an authoritarian style tend to have a strict set of rules which children are expected to follow without questions. It happens with the case of Santiago Munez. For some time, he has saved his money inside his shoes in order that he can get out from his house and can visit Newcastle United Football Club in England to have a trial in playing football. However, his dad just gets his money to buy a truck without having permission from Santiago as can be seen in the following dialogues between Santiago, his dad and grandmother,

Santiago : How could you do this, dad?
Dad : I paid forty-five hundred for the truck. I took twelve hundred of yours but I am giving you the half of business. That’s the good deal.

Grandmother : You stole that money.
Santiago : Two more weeks is enough.
Dad : To chase a stupid dream? Big-time ball play in England. Come on, it is bullshit. And when you fail, how are you gonna come back with no papers?

It can be observed from the conversation above that the parent attempts to shape, control his son with absolute action. The parent values obedience as a virtue and favors punitive, forceful measure to curb self-will at points where Santiago’s action conflict with what he thinks is right conduct. Santiago always makes argument with his dad that the way he treats is not good and can become a big problem to their relationship. In related with this problem, according to Alfred Adler in Journal Psyche (2015), “Most children manage these inferiorities by dreaming of becoming adults (the earliest form of striving for perfection).”

2) Imposing Punishment
He also imposes punishment on their children, whenever the children crosses the boundary day and fails to follow the regulation. When the child commits mistakes or fails to live up to the expectation, the parent punishes them harshly. He also does not attempt to explain the reasons for rules but simply punishes and fails to give any other options to minimize the conflict.

It can be proved in Goal! The Dream Begins movie, sequence 00:10:37 – 00:11:16,

Dad : There are two types of people in this world. Those that lives in the big houses and people like us, who cut their lawns and wash their cars.
Santiago : That could change if I become a professional player.
Dad : What are you saying, You play in the park with a bunch of guys who work in a car wash, That is rubbish.

The scene above demonstrates the situation that the dad really pushes his authority by forcing his arguments and also underestimates his own son. The dad does not feel guilty although he insults his son in front of his friends. It is also describes that the relationship between the father and son is really unhealthy anymore. The father tends and always thinks that he knows what is the best and right for Santiago.
3) Expressing Less Warmth
His parent is not emotional or expressive towards growing children. He follows an abnormal nurturing pattern, which includes no inter communication or emotional level bonding with the child. He does not bother about their children being emotionally hurt. He believes strict parenting process as a way to make kids tough and strong. He also tends to control the children through shaming and withdrawal of love. In this movie the writers does not see any scenes that they talk each other during breakfast or dinner. Watching movie together and discuss about it or even going out to talk and play.

4) Not Responsive
Hernan Munoz is never responsive and only compels the children to follow the laid rules and never feels the need to give explanation to their children. His parent also tends not to want to talk at all to his son and seems does not want to give any reasons behind it. It can be proved in this movie sequence:

Santiago’s brother : Hello. Santiago. Hey, bro. What’s going on?
No. Way. Hey, Papa. It’s Santiago. He wants to talk to you.
Hernan Munoz : Tell him I am not here.
Santiago’s brother : He can’t talk right now, Ok?
Santiago : No problem, man.  
(Sequence: 01:19:10 – 01:19:38)

In this case, his dad really does not want to talk and give any single word or statement just to make a communication with Santiago. His father is still upset for what Santiago has done to him. However, actually Santiago wants to make a nice approach to his dad since he wants to convey good news that he will join for the reserve team. Although, at the beginning Santiago feels so mad at his dad but he wants to try to make his relationship with his dad better. However, his dad still neglects to speak to him.

5) Giving No Choices to His Children
Hernan Munoz never gives any second choice and his kid’s choice is treated as an inferior. He always says that Santiago’s choice to be a soccer football player is nonsense and cannot make him become a rich man. For several times his dad also likes to underestimate for what he has chosen even he does it in front of his friends. It can be proved in following sequence when he talks to Santiago:

Dad : I took twelve hundred of yours but I am giving you the half of business.  
(Sequence: 00:20:34-00:20:36)

The statement of Santiago’s dad is clear that he really pushes his authority out of the line and does something to his son with no choice; he takes his son’s money and forces him to follow and join with his business.

c. Authoritative
Authoritative is considered the “ideal” parenting style and seem to produce children with high level of self-reliance and self-esteem. It is widely regarded as the most effective and beneficial parenting style for normal children. Authoritative parents are easy to recognize, as they are marked by the high expectations that they have of their children. They really understand and give the best support to their kids. This type of parenting creates the healthiest environment for growing children and helps to foster a productive relationship between parents and children.

Grandmother : Where is your father?
Santiago : He’s gone to get a part for the truck.
Grandmother : Good. He doesn’t have to hear this, Train ticket to SandDiago. Bus ticket to Mexico City.
Santiago : Mexico City?
Grandmother : Yes, You can’t fly to London from Los Angeles. You’re illegal. This is your ticket. It’s dated one week from today. When your mother walked out on us. I promised God I’ll do everything to help you boys to follow your dream.  
(Sequence: 00:23:45-00:24:30)

d. Uninvolved Parenting (Tough Love)
After Diana Baumrind discovered that there are three kinds of parenting style, in the year 1983, McCoby and Martin differentiated between the
permissive indulgent styles of parenting and permissive indifferent style of parenting. In this point in time, some studies have recommended that there is a parenting style also known as “tough love” that exists.

The writer assumes that Munez’s father is kind of uninvolved parent. He fails to give warm and truly loves to his kid. What he thinks is only about food and shelter. It can be proved in Goal! The Dream Begins movie sequence as follows:

Santiago’s father : I have save enough to bring us to America. And when your mother walked out on us… No. When she walked out. I hold this family together.

(Sequence: 00:21:13 – 00:21:17)

From the statement above it can be seen that his dad only cares with the materials of life physically. He does not think how to give the warmth of feeling to his family. There is no feeling the nurture of parent since what he said can make Santiago feel so gloomy and really wants to go away to find a better place.

e. Needs for Achievement

People in this world like to have everything to satisfy themselves and their families. They try to get what they want and what they need. Every time they request, they try to grab it. As a human, we have dreams and goals in our life. In fact, there are many obstacles that make some people will stop reaching their goals while others keep moving forward although they fell at first but they try harder to have their aims. It is supported by David McClelland (1961:254) that “high n achievement should make people particularly likely to be interested in and able to do well in business.” Since the people like to do what they like, although they face some difficulties, they will get up to get the best achievement that they can grab.

CONCLUSIONS

Based on the result of writer analysis in the movie Goal! The Dream Begins in relation to the sociological (typology of social class type), illegal migration (push and pull theory), parenting style, obsession, individual and human motivation which are reflected the main characters, Hernandez Munez and Santiago Munez, the writer draws some conclusions as follows:

1. The Hernan Munez’s family has reflected the condition that has been happening since 19th century. Most of the people in Mexico commit illegal migration to the United States of America since there are complex problems in their country. The poverty, high crime, and extreme temperature have make them try to find a better living in America although they have to do illegal migration that may not only endanger him/herself but also their small kids and old parents. The new destination that is United State of America attracts them to come. In State, they will have more chances to fix their life. They will receive higher income, more excellent education, and most important thing is the place is safer compared to their origin place.

2. Hernan Munez is a kind of authoritarian parent. He sets rigid rules and never allows the child to question any of the laid regulations and expects them to adhere strictly to them without slightest modifications. He always demands obedience and uses strategies such as the withdrawal of love or approval to force a child to conform. He is more likely to use verbal insults to elicit the desired behavior. He does not care if he underestimates his son in front of other people. He is lack of warmth, what he thinks is only his obsession to get a better income by forcing his son to follow his business. He never believes that his son will have a better future if he follows his dream to be a football player. However, at the end of the movie, Hernan Munez realizes that he makes a mistake and he is very happy and proud to watch his son play in a very big club Newcastle United in London.

3. Santiago Munez is a very tough lad. He focuses greatly on what he wants to be. He wants to be a professional football player one day. However, it is not easy to make it come true. His dad really hates him because of this matter. Fortunately, he has a kind of authoritative parent that is his grandmother. She always supports his dream to be what he wants although there will be rejection from his own dad. Santiago has a strong will and likes to learn from the mistake. He
always practices hard in the football club, works as a team and gives the highest respect to the logo in front of his jersey which is much more important than his name at the back. He takes a good lesson from his football manager openly and afterwards he always put his teammate and club as top priority.

REFERENCES